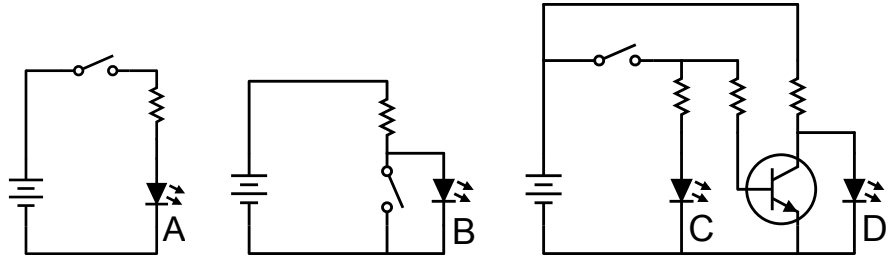


# Digital Storage – Octal and Hexadecimal

## Data Storage – Zeros and Ones

1. Write the name of a semiconductor device that can be used as a switch and is one of the basic building blocks of modern digital electronic circuits?

2. For the light-emitting diodes (LED) labelled A through D in the circuits to the left, state whether it is “on” or “off” when the manual switch in the circuit is open and when it is closed.



|                   | A | B | C | D |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Switch is opened: |   |   |   |   |
| Switch is closed: |   |   |   |   |

## Digital Storage – Number Systems: Octal

3. Count in octal. Write the octal equivalent below each decimal number.

| Decimal | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |  |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| Octal   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |

4. Addition and multiplication of octal numbers. Fill in the boxes with the appropriate values.

$$\begin{array}{r} 417 \\ + 235 \\ \hline \square\square\square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 637 \\ + 547 \\ \hline \square\square\square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 765 \\ + 567 \\ \hline \square\square\square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 376 \\ \times 25 \\ \hline \square\square\square \\ \square\square\square\square \\ \hline \square\square\square\square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 702 \\ \times 57 \\ \hline \square\square\square \\ \square\square\square\square \\ \hline \square\square\square\square \end{array}$$

### Octal Multiplication Table

|   | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  |
| 2 | 2 | 4  | 6  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 |
| 3 | 3 | 6  | 11 | 14 | 17 | 22 | 25 |
| 4 | 4 | 10 | 14 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 34 |
| 5 | 5 | 12 | 17 | 24 | 31 | 36 | 43 |
| 6 | 6 | 14 | 22 | 30 | 36 | 44 | 52 |
| 7 | 7 | 16 | 25 | 34 | 43 | 52 | 61 |

5. Show the steps to convert the given octal number into decimal.

$$\begin{aligned} 0362 &= 3 \times \square + 6 \times \square + 2 \times \square \\ &= \square + \square + \square \\ &= \square \end{aligned}$$

# Digital Storage – Octal and Hexadecimal

## Digital Storage – Number Systems: Hexadecimal

6. Count in hexadecimal. Write the hexadecimal equivalent below each decimal number.

|             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| Decimal     | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |  |
| Hexadecimal |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |

7. Addition and multiplication of hexadecimal numbers. Fill in the boxes with the appropriate values.

$$\begin{array}{r} D1E \\ + 7E2 \\ \hline \square\square\square \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} ABC \\ + DEF \\ \hline \square\square\square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A1D \\ \times 37 \\ \hline \square\square\square\square \\ \square\square\square\square \\ \hline \square\square\square\square \end{array}$$

Hexadecimal Multiplication Table

|   | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | A  | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | A  | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  |
| 2 | 2 | 4  | 6  | 8  | A  | C  | E  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 1A | 1C | 1E |
| 3 | 3 | 6  | 9  | C  | F  | 12 | 15 | 18 | 1B | 1E | 21 | 24 | 27 | 2A | 2D |
| 4 | 4 | 8  | C  | 10 | 14 | 18 | 1C | 20 | 24 | 28 | 2C | 30 | 34 | 38 | 3C |
| 5 | 5 | A  | F  | 14 | 19 | 1E | 23 | 28 | 2D | 32 | 37 | 3C | 41 | 46 | 4B |
| 6 | 6 | C  | 12 | 18 | 1E | 24 | 2A | 30 | 36 | 3C | 42 | 48 | 4E | 54 | 5A |
| 7 | 7 | E  | 15 | 1C | 23 | 2A | 31 | 38 | 3F | 46 | 4D | 54 | 5B | 62 | 69 |
| 8 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 20 | 28 | 30 | 38 | 40 | 48 | 50 | 58 | 60 | 68 | 70 | 78 |
| 9 | 9 | 12 | 1B | 24 | 2D | 36 | 3F | 48 | 51 | 5A | 63 | 6C | 75 | 7E | 87 |
| A | A | 14 | 1E | 28 | 32 | 3C | 46 | 50 | 5A | 64 | 6E | 78 | 82 | 8C | 96 |
| B | B | 16 | 21 | 2C | 37 | 42 | 4D | 58 | 63 | 6E | 79 | 84 | 8F | 9A | A5 |
| C | C | 18 | 24 | 30 | 3C | 48 | 54 | 60 | 6C | 78 | 84 | 90 | 9C | A8 | B4 |
| D | D | 1A | 27 | 34 | 41 | 4E | 5B | 68 | 75 | 82 | 8F | 9C | A9 | B6 | C3 |
| E | E | 1C | 2A | 38 | 46 | 54 | 62 | 70 | 7E | 8C | 9A | A8 | B6 | C4 | D2 |
| F | F | 1E | 2D | 3C | 4B | 5A | 69 | 78 | 87 | 96 | A5 | B4 | C3 | D2 | E1 |

8. Show the steps to convert the given hexadecimal number into decimal.

$$\begin{aligned} 0x5AD &= \square \times \square + \square \times \square + \square \times \square \\ &= \square + \square + \square \\ &= \square \end{aligned}$$

9. Show the steps to convert the given decimal number into hexadecimal using the division method.

$$\begin{aligned} 2989 \div 16 &= \square \text{ R } \square = \square \\ \square \div 16 &= \square \text{ R } \square = \square \\ \square \div 16 &= \square \text{ R } \square = \square \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{decimal} \quad \text{hex} \\ \text{final answer} \\ 0x\square \end{array}$$

10. Convert the hexadecimal numbers to decimal, and the decimal number to hexadecimal: Show your work in the box.

|                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| a) <b>0x63</b> | c) <b>127</b> |
| b) <b>0xF1</b> | d) <b>273</b> |